

Help Control Postpartum Hemorrhage with Bakri®

The Bakri® Postpartum Balloon, an easy to use solution for management of a postpartum hemorrhage.1*



In Critical Moments, the Bakri® Postpartum Balloon Provides Hemorrhage Control When Needed²

When postpartum bleeding does not stop, there's no time to waste. Bakri with rapid instillation components helps provide fast inflation to provide hemorrhage control and protect what matters most: your patients.²



Applies targeted pressure to the lower uterine segment to help slow or stop hemorrhage.



3 out of 4 healthcare providers believe Bakri stops postpartum hemorrhage (PPH), even in the presence of clots.^{1*}



Over half of healthcare providers who use Bakri report that it can **control bleeding in 10 minutes or less.**^{1*}



In a small retrospective multicenter cohort study, Bakri demonstrated that bleeding **stopped after insertion by a mean of 2 minutes** (range 0–30 minutes).^{3†}



There are **no limitations** for uterine size, gestational age, cervical dilation, or multiple gestation.²



Versatile placement options for clinical scenarios **transvaginal or transabdominal**.²



May be **removed sooner** upon the clinician's determination of hemostasis, with a maximum indwell time of 24 hours.²



Bakri provides **hemorrhage control when needed**.²





Proven. Valued. Effective.4

Backed by the most clinical studies of any uterine balloon tamponade (UBT) device, 5 Bakri® has earned its place as an option in postpartum hemorrhage care.4

- Bakri was the **first** and is the **most studied** UBT device since 1999.5
- UBT is a historically **trusted option for** postpartum hemorrhage (PPH) treatment.4
- Balloon tamponade has been used after other methods have failed.6
- 3 out of 4 healthcare providers reported Bakri is easy to use.1*

3 out of 4 healthcare providers (HCPs) report Bakri stops postpartum hemorrhage (PPH) even in the presence of clots.1*



* Based on 2024 CooperSurgical Market Research Survey (n=237)

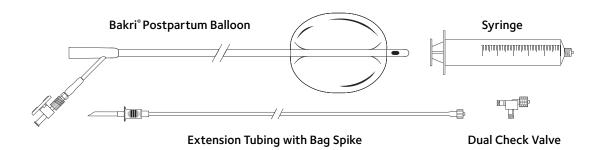
+ (n=36)

- 1. CooperSurgical Labor and Delivery Market Research Report. Inspire Survey April 2024.
- 2. Bakri Postpartum Balloon Instructions for Use. Bloomington, IN: Cook Medical; 01/2020.
- 3. Vintejoux E, Ulrich D, Mousty E, et al. Success factors for Bakri balloon usage secondary to uterine atony: a retrospective, multicentre study. Aust N Z J Obstet Gynaecol. 2015;55(6):572-577.
- 4. Suarez S, Conde-Agudelo A, Borovac-Pinheiro A, et al. Uterine balloon tamponade for the treatment of postpartum hemorrhage: a systematic review and meta-analysis. Am J Obstet Gynecol. 2020;222(4):293.e1-293.e52. doi:10.1016/j.ajog.2019.11.1287.
- 5. Overton E, D'Alton M, Goffman D. Intrauterine devices in the management of postpartum hemorrhage. Am J Obstet Gynecol. 2024;230(3S):S1076-S1088.
- 6. California Maternal Quality Care Collaborative. Obstetric hemorrhage Care Guidelines: Appendix D. Published 2022.





The Bakri® Postpartum Balloon is an option in managing postpartum hemorrhage.² Its ease of use^{1*}, versatility of placement, and rapid instillation components provide support to help prepare for the unexpected.²



Ordering Information

NUMBER	REFERENCE PART #	DESCRIPTION	CATHETER	LENGTH	BALLOON VOLUME
G30673	J-SOS-100500	Bakri Balloon	24 Fr	54 cm	500 mL
G24237	J-SOSR-100500	Bakri Balloon with Rapid Instillation Components	24 Fr	54 cm	500 mL

Talk to your CooperSurgical representative or visit us online to learn more.

800.243.2974 | 203.601.5200 | www.coopersurgical.com

IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION

The Bakri* Postpartum Balloon is a single use device, intended to provide temporary control or reduction of postpartum uterine bleeding when conservative management is warranted.

CONTRAINDICATIONS: Do not use, if there is arterial bleeding requiring surgical exploration or angiographic embolization; hysterectomy is indicated; pregnancy; cervical cancer; purulent infections in vagina, cervix or uterus; untreated uterine anomaly; disseminated intravascular coagulation (DIC); or bleeding is at a site that would prohibit the device from effectively controlling bleeding.

WARNINGS: The Bakri Postpartum Balloon is indicated for use in the event of primary postpartum hemorrhage within 24 hours of delivery and should not be left indwelling for more than 24 hours; inflate with a sterile liquid to a maximum inflation of 500 mL; Do Not overinflate the balloon or use air, carbon dioxide or any other gas. Patients should be monitored closely for signs of deteriorating or non-improving condition. Patients urine output should be monitored while the balloon is in use.

IMPORTANT: Prior to placement of the balloon, the uterus should be free of all placental fragments and ensured there are no lacerations or trauma to the genital tract and source of bleeding is not arterial.

Consult the IFU prior to use of the Bakri Postpartum Balloon, for detailed instructions and potential risks. https://coopersurgical.com/bakri-ifu

